

The Democratic Banner.

PRICE TWO CENTS

MT. VERNON, O., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1912—No. 235

ESTABLISHED 1896

GAVE BIG SUMS TO ELECT TEDDY

Treasurer Sheldon Gives Names Of The Fat Contributors

National Committee Treasurer Of 1908 Testifies He Had Seen The Amounts On A List Shown Him By Cornelius Bliss, Senior—Also Declares 73 Per Cent Of Roosevelt Fund Was Made By Corporations

Washington, Oct. 3.—George R. Sheldon, treasurer of the Republican national committee in 1908, testified before the Clapp investigating committee that in 1904, when Theodore Roosevelt ran for president, the Standard Oil company under John D. Archbold's name contributed \$100,000; J. P. Morgan & Company, \$100,000; H. C. Frick, \$100,000, and George J. Gould, \$100,000.

Sheldon said he had seen the amounts on a list shown him by Cornelius Bliss, Sr., before the latter's death. This list is supposed to have been among those destroyed by Bliss during his last illness.

Mr. Sheldon expressed his belief that the corporations contributed 73 per cent of the Roosevelt campaign fund in 1904.

One million eight hundred thousand dollars was the approximate amount mentioned by Sheldon as the total of the 1904 contributions.

This is the first corroborative evidence that has been obtained by the senate committee in support of the Penrose charges since John D. Archbold testified.

Mr. Sheldon added another interesting item when he testified that Mr. Bliss' statement of the 1904 campaign receipts and expenditures, which was audited by Mr. Sheldon, did not indicate in any way that the \$100,000 of Standard Oil money ever was returned.

Senator Dixon on Stand.

Joseph M. Dixon, Mr. Roosevelt's campaign manager, was another witness examined by the committee. He proved to be the most obstreperous, and the committee spent several hours wrangling with him in a most undignified manner.

Only two facts of large importance were brought out in the course of Dixon's testimony. One was that he personally had raised \$95,000 in the Roosevelt pre-convention campaign. This was in addition to the \$141,000 collected by the Roosevelt campaign committee treasurer, the \$52,000 raised in New York county and the \$130,000 expended by William Flinn in Pennsylvania. Mr. Dixon said that George W. Perkins, Frank A. Munsey and Dan R. Hanna each contributed \$25,000 to his fund of \$95,000.

Dixon's Allegations.

Dixon also declared that he had been reliably informed that Thomas F. Ryan and A. H. Plant, auditor of the Southern railway, had contributed heavily to Oscar W. Underwood's campaign; that Joseph E. Davis spent \$38,000 in Governor Wilson's pre-convention campaign; that Charles P. Taft had spent \$600,000 for his brother, the president, and that "leading financiers of New York had spent large sums for Governor Harmon."

When asked for the source of his

NICARAGUAN REBELS SUSTAIN HEAVY LOSSES

Washington, Oct. 3.—Nicaraguan rebels were defeated in an attack on government forces at LaPaz, according to state department advice. Rebels from Leon, under Julian Irias, the exile, who came from Costa Rica to join the revolution, were repulsed by

information regarding the large sums alleged to have been spent for President Taft, Dixon made evasive replies. He finally stated that advertising men told him of big billboard contracts made by the Taft people, and that Walter Brown had told him nearly \$100,000 had been spent in Ohio for advertising.

LYNCHED IN PRISON

Cheyenne, Wyo., Oct. 3.—Frank Wigfall, a negro, who attacked Mrs. Julia Higgins, 71 at Rawlins Monday night, was lynched by convicts in the state penitentiary, where he had been transferred for safe keeping. The penitentiary lynching followed the failure of a mob to get possession of Wigfall.

MUST ACT PROMPTLY

Columbus, O., Oct. 3.—Quick work will be necessary on the part of the Democratic congressional committee of the Thirteenth district to select a successor to Congressman Carl C. Anderson of Fostoria, candidate for reelection, who was killed in an automobile accident near that city. But a few days remain in which to fill the vacancy. It is said that John R. Worst of Sandusky county, who has been in training to succeed Anderson for some time, will probably be selected for the vacancy.

TAFT MEETS MARSHALL

Boston, Oct. 3.—Governor Thomas R. Marshall of Indiana, the Democratic candidate for vice president, shook hands with President Taft just before the banquet of the supreme council, Scottish Rite Masons, at which both were guests. President Taft joked with Governor Marshall for a few moments on the wear and tear of campaigning and then both passed into the banquet hall.

GOVERNMENT FORCES UNDER VIGILANCE

the government forces under General Viquez, though the latter had only 800 men against the 2,000 soldiers of the rebel force. It is stated that the rebels lost heavily in the engagement. They are now being pursued by cavalry of the government forces.

STRIKERS PARADE IN LAWRENCE TO SHOW SYMPATHY FOR MEN ON TRIAL FOR MURDER—NEW I. W. W. ORGANIZER



Lawrence, Mass., Oct. 3.—After a day of rioting, which resulted in the arrest of twenty-six strikers, the operatives in the cotton mills returned to work, and all is quiet for the present. More trouble is expected to break out at any time, however. One man will probably die as the result of the beating he received from the police, and scores of men with damaged heads are in hospital rather than face court action. Mayor Scanlon indorses the work of the police and declares they did only their duty and used their clubs only half enough. Carlo Tresca, a Pittsburgh editor, is here as the new organizer for the I. W. W.

BULL MOOSE APPEAL FROM GRAVES' DECISION

Columbus, O., Oct. 3.—Progressives today will bring an action in mandamus in the supreme court in an effort to have the decision given Tuesday by Secretary of State Graves overruled. The decision forbade the printing on the ballot twice of the names of county, legislative and congressional candidates of the Republican and Democratic parties who have been endorsed by the Progressives. Both Republican and Democratic state headquarters expect Secretary Graves' ruling will be upheld by the supreme court, composed of three Republican and three Democratic judges.

FARMER IS OUT \$4,000 IN DEAL FOR FARM

Canton, O., Oct. 3.—The fling of a deed to a farm owned by Uriah C. Ward, a prosperous farmer near here, has resulted in the declaration from Ward that the deed is a forgery. It has also been brought to light that James Heldman of New Cumberland, O., had accepted a bogus mortgage on the farm for \$4,000. According to Ward, a man who gave the name of Joseph W. Bishop negotiated with him to buy his farm for \$13,000, but no trade was made. Meantime, a deed for the farm in the name of Bishop was left with the Stark county recorder. A mortgage for \$4,000 in favor of Heldman was filed. Heldman says he lent money to Bishop. Bishop has not been seen by Heldman since last Thursday.

DITCHES AUTO TO SAVE DOG

Dennison, O., Oct. 3.—In order to avoid running over a dog asleep in the road, Edward Rittenhouse steered his automobile into a ditch between Deers, Ia. and Uhrichsville. The car turned turtle, plunging its occupants underneath. With Ethel Finney, 25, snuffed broken arms and internal injuries. Rittenhouse was injured about his legs and spine and his wife was bruised.

FOUR HURT IN COLLISION

Canal Dover, O., Oct. 3.—Two girls and two men were hurt in a collision between a Canal Dover-Uhrichsville interurban car and a work car, near Joshua. A fog caused the accident. The injured: Frank Hicks, motorman of interurban car, leg crushed; Vora Thomas, 16, of Barnhill, hips broken; Anna Thomas, 25, of Barnhill, leg crushed; Orin Vorhees, conductor of work car, face cut, arm sprained.

CRUSHED UNDER AUTO

Tippecanoe City, O., Oct. 3.—L. T. Sheets, twice mayor of Tippecanoe City, was killed in an automobile accident near Vandalla, and his companion, Miss Ethel Hartman, was badly bruised. The two were returning from an opera at Dayton, when the automobile struck a rut and overturned.

TURKS RAVAGE A SERVIAN TOWN

Actual Violence Reported in the Balkan Imbroglio.

London, Oct. 3.—Actual violence in the Balkan imbroglio has commenced, according to word received here from Belgrade. A Turkish patrol of 50 soldiers devastated the Servian frontier town of Ruska after firing volley after volley into the town. The inhabitants fled.

With the curt refusal by the Turkish cabinet to surrender the shipment of Servian war ammunition which was seized by Turkey while passing through, the impression here that it will take the united efforts of the powers to prevent war is growing in strength. Turkey added to the list of injuries which Greece, Montenegro, Bulgaria and Servia have sustained by detaining 52 Greek ships which were in her ports. These vessels are being held so that in case war is declared the Turkish government can use them as Turkish transports.

The inter-Balkan peninsula is being turned into a war camp, and a million or more troops are rapidly assembling there. Bulgaria, Servia, Greece and Montenegro are united in this mobilization, and the desired effect is a show of war strength so that Turkey will be awed.

The four states in the new Balkan alliance are working in harmony in this matter, and all the troops will be spread along the frontier. For the first time these states are acting together against the common enemy.

The uniformed armies being sent to the front number 460,000. Of these Bulgaria sends 250,000, Servia 110,000, Montenegro 50,000 and Greece 50,000. These countries all have universal "military service," so the men will be well trained and armed.

Yugoslavia After Haywood?

Salem, Mass., Oct. 3.—City Marshal Lehan gave out a telegram from Vincent St. John of Chicago, saying that a gang of thugs had been sent from New York to Salem to assassinate W. D. Haywood, I. W. W. leader, attending the Ettor-Giovannitti trial. Lehan gave out the message after a conference with Judge Quinn.

Pierpont Morgan Testifies Today.

Washington, Oct. 3.—J. P. Morgan will appear before the investigating committee today, to be questioned as to his financial participation in the 1904 or other national campaigns.

LIVE STOCK AND GRAIN

CHICAGO, OCT. 3.

Cattle—Receipts, 19,000 head; beefs, \$5 00@5 10; Texas steers, \$4 50@5 00; western steers, \$5 00@5 10; stockers and feeders, \$4 25@4 50; cows and heifers, \$2 50@3 00; calves, \$5 00@5 10.

Hogs—Receipts, 20,000 head; light, \$6 00@6 25; mixed, \$5 75@6 00; heavy, \$5 50@5 75; rough, \$5 25@5 50; pigs, \$4 25@4 50.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 35,000 head; native sheep, \$2 25@2 50; western, \$2 45@2 70; yearlings, \$4 25@4 50; native lambs, \$4 50@5 00; western, \$4 75@5 00.

Wheat—No. 2 red, \$1 05@1 06; Corn—No. 2, 47¢@47½¢; Oats—No. 2 white, 33½¢@34¢.

EAST BUFFALO, OCT. 3.

Cattle—Receipts, 12 cars; export calves, \$8 00@8 50; shipping steers, \$7 50@8 00; butcher steers, \$7 00@7 50; heifers, \$6 00@6 50; fat cows, \$4 00@4 50; bulls, \$3 50@4 00; milkers and springers, \$30 00@35 00; calves, \$11 00@12 00.

Hogs—Receipts, 4 cars; heavies, \$9 00@9 25; mediums, \$8 25@8 50; Yorkers, \$9 10@9 25; pigs, \$8 50@8 75; roughs, \$7 00@7 25; stags, \$5 00@5 25.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 20 cars; yearlings, \$4 00@4 25; ewes, \$4 75@5 00; mixed hogs, \$4 70@4 75; ewes, \$3 50@4 00; lambs, \$5 00@5 25.

PITTSBURGH, PA., OCT. 3.

Cattle—Supply light; choice, \$9 00@9 25; prime, \$8 50@8 75; city butchers, \$7 00@7 50; heifers, \$6 00@6 50; bulls, \$5 00@5 25; fresh cows and springers, \$25 00@30 00; calves, \$8 00@11 00.

Hogs—Receipts, 15 cars; heavies, \$9 25@9 50; Yorkers, \$9 25@9 50; pigs, \$8 00@8 25.

Sheep and Lambs—Supply light; prime ewes, \$4 50@4 75; good mixed, \$4 00@4 25; fair mixed, \$3 50@3 75; lambs, \$4 50@4 75.

CINCINNATI, O., OCT. 3.

Cattle—Receipts, 1,000 head; choice fat steers, \$8 00@8 25; good to choice steers, \$7 25@7 50; heifers, \$4 25@4 50; fat bulls, \$5 00@5 25; cows, \$4 00@4 25; milkers and springers, \$25 00@30 00; calves, \$10 00@11 25.

Hogs—Receipts, 1,500 head; heavies, \$9 00@9 25; mediums, \$8 00@8 25; Yorkers, \$8 50@8 75; pigs, \$8 00@8 25; roughs, \$7 00@7 25.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts, 2,000 head; choice spring lambs, \$7 15@7 25.

TOLEDO, O., OCT. 3.

Wheat, \$1 07½¢; corn, 19¢; oats, 14¢; cloverseed, \$12 10.

SULZER FOR GOVERNOR

Named At Night Session Of Convention

New York Democrats Select the Head of Their Ticket.

AWARD GLYNN SECOND PLACE

Parker In Accepting the Post of Permanent Chairman of the Convention Declares He is a Progressive Democrat—Sulzer Nominated at Midnight on the Fourth Ballot. Proceedings of the Session.

Syracuse, N. Y., Oct. 3.—Congressman William Sulzer of New York was nominated for governor early today by the Democratic state convention, and Martin E. Glynn of Albany

WILLIAM SULZER
New York Democrats Nominated Him on Fourth Ballot.



Photos by American Press Association.

was named for lieutenant governor, the nomination in each case being made unanimous. Congressman Sulzer's nomination came on the fourth ballot, after the supporters of Governor Dix had thrown their strength to him and other candidates had withdrawn from the race. Mr. Glynn was without opposition for second place on the ticket.

Judge Alton B. Parker was chosen as permanent chairman of the convention, and in his speech of acceptance declared himself to be a progressive Democrat.

The selection of Parker as chairman was bitterly opposed by friends of Governor Wilson and W. J. Bryan, who declared he is not a progressive. Parker made a speech, the first since the Baltimore convention, in which he defended his course and that of the other New York delegates at the Baltimore convention. He said that the action of the delegates was intended to promote harmony.

The platform ratifies the Democratic national platform, pledges its support to Wilson and Marshall and condemns what it styles the "monopolistic tariff evils" of the Republican party. Governor Dix's administration is described as "efficient, clean and economical."

The platform pledges the legislature to provide for a constitutional convention to pass on the initiative, the referendum and the short ballot, and declares in favor of submitting the woman suffrage amendment to the people "as soon as possible."

Mr. Roosevelt stood as a guarantor for Mr. Taft. Mr. Bryan says, "Now, when Roosevelt has failed so utterly in his judgment of men, I ask can he pass correct judgment on himself?"